

INSTRUCTIONS FOR 2008 KENTUCKY FORM 740-NP NONRESIDENT OR PART-YEAR RESIDENT INCOME TAX RETURN

TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE

Automated Refund and Tax Information System

Information may be obtained on the status of income tax refunds by using the department's automated refund and tax information system (ARTIS). This service is available 24 hours a day.

A touch-tone telephone and the following information from your return will be required:

- Social Security number listed in block B on your return.
- The exact whole-dollar amount to be refunded to you.

Once you have the required information, call **(502) 564-1600** and follow the recorded instructions.

If during the call you do not receive a refund mailing date, please allow seven days before calling again.

Information and forms are available from the following Kentucky Taxpayer Service Centers:

Ashland

134 Sixteenth Street, 41101-7670
(606) 920-2037

Bowling Green

201 West Professional Park Court, 42104-3278
(270) 746-7470

Central Kentucky (Frankfort)

501 High Street, 40620
(502) 564-4581 (General Information)
(502) 564-3658 (Forms)
www.revenue.ky.gov

Corbin

15100 North US 25E
Suite 2, 40701-6188
(606) 528-3322

Hopkinsville

181 Hammond Drive, 42240-7926
(270) 889-6521

Louisville

600 West Cedar Street, 2nd Floor West, 40202-2310
(502) 595-4512

Northern Kentucky

Turfway Ridge Office Park
7310 Turfway Road, Suite 190
Florence, 41042-4871
(859) 371-9049

Owensboro

311 West Second Street, 42301-0734
(270) 687-7301

Paducah

Clark Business Complex, Suite G
2928 Park Avenue, 42001-4024
(270) 575-7148

Pikeville

Uniplex Center
126 Trivette Drive, Suite 203, 41501-1275
(606) 433-7675

Individuals who are residents of Kentucky for the entire tax year must use Form 740 or Form 740-EZ. Persons who maintain a permanent residence in Kentucky (i.e., are domiciled in Kentucky) are considered residents. Persons not domiciled in Kentucky but who live in Kentucky for more than 183 days during the tax year are also considered residents.

Full-year nonresidents must report all income from Kentucky sources (including distributive share income, Schedule K-1), from activities carried on in Kentucky or from the performance of services in Kentucky, and from property located in Kentucky.

Persons moving into Kentucky must report income received from Kentucky sources prior to becoming residents and income received from all sources after becoming Kentucky residents.

Residents moving out of Kentucky during the year must report income from all sources while a resident and from Kentucky sources while a nonresident.

Reciprocal States—Kentucky has reciprocal agreements with specific states. These agreements provide for taxpayers to be taxed by their state of residence, and not the state where income is earned. **Reciprocity does not apply to persons who live in Kentucky for more than 183 days during the tax year.** The states and types of exemptions are as follows:

Illinois, West Virginia—wages and salaries

Indiana—wages, salaries and commissions

Michigan, Wisconsin—income from personal services (including salaries and wages)

Ohio—wages and salaries. **Note:** Wages which an S corporation pays to a shareholder-employee if the shareholder-employee is a "twenty (20) percent or greater" direct or indirect equity investor in the S corporation shall not be exempt under the reciprocity agreement.

Virginia—commuting daily, salaries and wages

Taxpayers who qualify for this exemption and have no other Kentucky taxable income should file Form 740-NP-R, Kentucky Income Tax Return, Nonresident-Reciprocal State, to obtain a refund. Also, nonresidents who qualify for the exemption should file Form 42A809, Certificate of Nonresidence, with their employer to exempt their future wages from Kentucky withholding.

Gambling income and distributive share income (Schedule K-1) are not exempt under reciprocal agreements. This income is fully taxable. A complete return must be filed if filing requirements are met.

Military Personnel—Members of the Armed Forces are required to file state income tax returns with their state of legal domicile, which usually is the state of residence prior to entering military service. Nonresident military personnel with civilian jobs in Kentucky are required to report this income on Form 740-NP except residents of reciprocal states (see reciprocal states above). Any income from nonmilitary Kentucky sources is also taxable.

Any income earned in a **combat zone** that is exempt for federal tax purposes is also exempt for Kentucky tax purposes.

A **civilian spouse** who lives or works in Kentucky may be required to file as resident, part-year resident or nonresident based on the situation (see above).

Military Personnel Eligible for Combat Zone Extension—Members of the Army, Navy, Marines, Air Force, or Public Health Service of the United States government who

WHO MUST FILE FORM 740-NP—Form 740-NP must be used by full-year nonresidents who had income from Kentucky sources and by part-year residents who had income while a Kentucky resident or from Kentucky sources while a nonresident. These persons must file Form 740-NP if (1) they had **any gross income** from Kentucky sources **and gross income from all sources** in excess of modified gross income for their family size, or (2) Kentucky gross receipts from self-employment in excess of modified gross income for their family size. See Chart A on page 2.

serve in an area designated as a combat zone by presidential proclamation shall not be required to file an income tax return and pay the taxes, which would otherwise become due during the period of service, until 12 months after the service is completed. Members of the National Guard or any branch of the Reserves called to active duty to serve in a combat zone are granted the same extension.

If Your Family Size is:	Your Modified Gross Income is greater than:
One.....	and \$ 10,400
Two	and \$ 14,000
Three.....	and \$ 17,600
Four or More	and \$ 21,200

MODIFIED GROSS INCOME AND FAMILY SIZE (Use With Chart A)

Family Size—Consists of yourself, your spouse if married and living in the same household and qualifying children. Family size is limited to four.

Qualifying Dependent Child—Means a qualifying child as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 152(c), and includes a child who lives in the household but cannot be claimed as a dependent if the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 152(e)(2) and 152(e)(4) apply. In general, to be a taxpayer's qualifying child, a person must satisfy four tests:

- **Relationship**—The taxpayer's child or stepchild (whether by blood or adoption), foster child, sibling or stepsibling, or a descendant of one of these.
- **Residence**—Has the same principal residence as the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. A qualifying child is determined without regard to the exception for children of divorced or separated parents. Other federal exceptions apply.
- **Age**—Must be under the age of 19 at the end of the tax year, or under the age of 24 if a full-time student for at least five months of the year, or be permanently and totally disabled at any time during the year.
- **Support**—Did not provide more than one-half of his/her own support for the year.

Modified Gross Income—Modified gross income is the greater of federal adjusted gross income adjusted to include interest income derived from municipal bonds (non-Kentucky) and lump-sum pension distributions not included in federal adjusted gross income; **or** Kentucky adjusted gross income adjusted to include lump-sum pension distributions not included in federal adjusted gross income.

WHEN TO FILE—April 15, 2009, is the filing deadline for persons reporting income for calendar year 2008. To avoid penalties and interest, returns must be postmarked no later than April 15, 2009.

SSN NEEDED—Put Your Social Security Number on Your Return—To protect your privacy, your Social Security number (SSN) is not printed on the peel-off label. This means that you must enter your SSN in the appropriate boxes on your return. If you are married, also enter your spouse's SSN.

ADDRESS LABELS—Use the preprinted, bar-coded labels provided. The primary Social Security number has been converted to UPC bar code that can be read by scanners. This will enable us to tell you that your return has been received. If the address is incorrect, draw a line through the incorrect information and print the correct address. If the name is incorrect, discard the labels and print the requested information in the blocks provided.

AMENDED RETURNS—If you discover that you omitted deductions or otherwise improperly prepared your return, you may obtain a refund by filing an amended return within four

years of the due date of the original return. You are required to file an amended return to report omitted income.

When filing an amended return, check the box on Form 740-NP and attach a detailed explanation of the changes to income, deductions and tax. Submit a completed Kentucky return and corrected federal schedules, if applicable. If you do not attach the required information, processing of your amended return may be delayed.

COMPOSITE RETURNS—Do not include a nonresident individual (includes an estate or trust partner, member or shareholder), partner, member or shareholder in a composite return if the partner's, member's or shareholder's distributive share income was subject to withholding and reported on Form 740NP-WH and PTE-WH.

The composite return applies only to a nonresident individual (includes an estate or trust partner, member or shareholder), partner, member or shareholder whose distributive share was not subject to withholding as provided by KRS 141.206(4), and the partner, member or shareholder elects to be included in a composite return as provided by KRS 141.206(13).

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the Department of Revenue will permit the filing of a "composite return" as provided by KRS 141.206(13) on behalf of electing nonresident individual partners, members or shareholders of a pass-through entity as defined in KRS 141.010(26). Income tax will be computed at the highest marginal rate provided in KRS 141.020 on the partner's, member's or shareholder's pro rata share of the distributive share income from a pass-through entity doing business in, or deriving income from sources within Kentucky. The partners', members' or shareholders' distributive share of income shall include all items of income or deduction used to compute adjusted gross income on the Kentucky return that is passed through to the partner, member or shareholder by the pass-through entity, including but not limited to interest, dividend, capital gains or losses, guaranteed payments and rents (KRS 141.206(13)).

The composite return of a pass-through entity shall be filed with the Department of Revenue, on Form 740-NP, Kentucky Individual Income Tax Return Nonresident or Part-Year Resident. The composite return box on the front of the Form 740-NP return shall be checked to indicate that this is a composite return, and a schedule shall be attached reporting each of the electing nonresident individual partner's, member's or shareholder's name, address, social security number, net distributive share income and tax due. The tax due for all electing partners, members or shareholders shall be remitted with the composite return. A pass-through entity filing a composite return shall make estimated tax payments if required by the provisions of KRS 141.300.

CONFIDENTIALITY—Kentucky Revised Statute 131.190 requires the Department of Revenue to maintain strict confidentiality of all taxpayer records. No employee of the Department of Revenue may divulge any information regarding the tax returns, schedules or reports required to be filed. However, the Department of Revenue is not prohibited from providing evidence to or testifying in any court of law concerning official tax records.

The department may provide official information on a confidential basis to the Internal Revenue Service or to any other governmental agency with which it has an exchange of information agreement whereby the department receives similar or useful information in return.

REPORTING PERIODS AND ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES—Kentucky law requires taxpayers to report income on the same calendar or fiscal year and to use the same methods of accounting as required for federal income tax purposes. Any federally approved change in accounting period or methods must be reported to the Kentucky Department of Revenue. Attach a copy of the federal approval.

Changes to federal income tax law made after the Internal Revenue Code reference date contained in KRS 141.010(3) shall not apply for purposes of Chapter 141 unless adopted by the General Assembly.

POLITICAL PARTY FUND DESIGNATION—You may designate that a portion of your taxes will be paid to either the Democratic or Republican parties if you have a tax liability of at least \$2 (\$4 for married persons filing joint returns). *This designation will not increase your tax or decrease your refund.* You may make this designation by checking the applicable box. A husband and wife may each make a designation. Persons making no designation should check the "No Designation" box.

FILING STATUS—*Legal liabilities are affected by the choice of filing methods.* Married persons who file joint returns are jointly and severally liable for all income taxes due for the period covered by the return. If married, you may file separate or joint returns. **Most married persons pay less tax if they file separate returns.**

Filing Status 1, Single—Use this filing status if you are unmarried, divorced, widowed, legally separated by court decree, or if you filed as "Head of Household" or "Qualifying Widow(er)" on your federal return.

Filing Status 2, Married Filing Joint Return—Use this filing status if you and your spouse choose to file a joint return even if one spouse had no income. Jointly means that you and your spouse add your incomes together and report the total on page 4, Section D, Column B, Lines 1 through 33.

Filing Status 3, Married Filing Separate Returns—If using this filing status, you and your spouse must file two separate tax forms. The husband's income is reported on one tax form, the wife's on the other. When filing separate returns, the name and Social Security number of each spouse must be entered on both returns. Enter the spouse's Social Security number in the block provided, and enter the name on page 1, Line 3.

DETERMINING YOUR INCOME

SECTION D—INCOME/ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME

A copy of pages 1 and 2 of your federal income tax return and all supporting schedules must be filed with Kentucky Form 740-NP. Please clearly identify as "Copy."

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COLUMN A

All entries in Column A should be amounts reported for federal income tax purposes.

Depreciation—Assets Purchased After September 10, 2001

Effective for taxable years ending after September 10, 2001, an individual that for federal income tax purposes elects to utilize the 30 percent or the 50 percent special depreciation allowance or the increased 179 deduction will have a different depreciation and Section 179 deduction for Kentucky purposes than for federal purposes. The differences will continue through the life of the assets. There will be recapture and basis differences for Kentucky and federal income tax purposes until the assets are sold or fully depreciated.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COLUMN B

Depreciation, Section 179 Deduction and Gains/Losses From Disposition of Assets—*Important: Follow the instructions for Reporting Depreciation and Section 179 Deduction Differences if you have elected for federal income tax purposes to take the 30 percent or the 50 percent special depreciation allowance or the increased Section 179 deduction for property placed in ser-*

vice after September 10, 2001. A copy of the federal Form 4562 if filed for federal income tax purposes must be submitted with Form 740-NP to verify that no adjustments are required.

Reporting Depreciation and Section 179 Deduction Differences for property placed in service after September 10, 2001—Create a Kentucky Form 4562 by entering **Kentucky** at the top center of a federal Form 4562 above Depreciation and Amortization. In Part I replace the \$250,000 maximum amount on Line 1 with the Kentucky limit of \$25,000 and replace the \$800,000 threshold amount on Line 3 with the Kentucky phase-out threshold of \$200,000. In Part II, strikethrough and ignore Line 14, Special depreciation allowance for qualified property placed in service during the tax year. Use the **created Kentucky Form 4562** to compute Kentucky depreciation and Section 179 deduction in accordance with the IRC in effect on December 31, 2001.

Note: In determining the Section 179 deduction for Kentucky, the income limitation on Line 11 is Kentucky net income before the Section 179 deduction, instead of federal taxable income. Adjust federal Schedules C, E and F for the difference in allowable depreciation and report in Column B the Kentucky income (loss) from business, farming or rental property. **Attach Kentucky Form 4562 and, if filed, federal Form 4562.**

Line 1, Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.—Enter all wages, salaries, tips, bonuses, commissions or other compensation received for personal services from Kentucky sources while a nonresident and from all sources while a resident of Kentucky. Do not include in this amount any reimbursement for moving expenses included in Kentucky wages on your wage and tax statement.

Line 2, Moving Expense Reimbursement—See instructions for Schedule ME.

Line 3, Interest—Interest income received while a Kentucky resident must be reported, except for the following: (a) income from bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its political subdivisions; and (b) income from U.S. government bonds or securities. Interest income from bonds issued by other states and their political subdivisions is taxable to Kentucky and must be included on Line 3.

Line 4, Dividends—Report dividends received while a resident of Kentucky and the distributive share of the dividend income reflected on the Schedule K-1.

Line 5, Taxable Refunds, Credits or Offsets of Local Income Taxes—Enter the amount of taxable local income tax refund or credit reported on your federal return only if you received a tax benefit in a prior year.

Line 6, Alimony Received—Enter alimony payments received while a Kentucky resident.

Lines 7 and 12, Profit or (Loss) from Business or Farming—*For income taxable to Kentucky,* complete and attach federal Schedule C or C-EZ for business income or federal Schedule F for farming and Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization. Do not adjust wages by the federal work opportunity credit from federal Form 5884. For passive activities, see Form 8582-K. Do not include income from the national tobacco settlement agreement. Adjust income for the difference in allowable depreciation and report in Column B.

Note: Individual owners of disregarded single member LLCs (SMLLCs) that file on Schedules C, E, or F for federal income tax shall file Form 725, Kentucky Single Member LLC Individually Owned Corporation Income Tax Return, to compute and pay the limited liability entity tax. The individual member shall report income or loss from the entity and determine credit in the same manner as other pass-through entities (PTEs).

Lines 8 and 9, Gain or (Loss) from Sale or Exchange of Assets—Gains (losses) on sales of assets (including installment sales) while a Kentucky resident must be reported on the Kentucky return. Gains (losses) on sales of tangible assets located in Kentucky must be reported regardless of state of residence. Generally, gains (losses) on sales of intangible assets are reported to the state of residence.

Determining and Reporting Differences in Gain or Loss From Disposition of Assets—If during the year you dispose of assets placed in service after September 10, 2001, on which the 30 percent or the 50 percent special depreciation allowance or the increased Section 179 deduction was taken for federal income tax purposes, you will need to determine and report the difference in the amount of gain or loss on the assets as follows:

Create a Kentucky form by entering **Kentucky** at the top center of a federal Schedule D, federal Form 4797 and other applicable federal forms. Compute Kentucky gain or loss from the disposed assets using the Kentucky basis. Enter the Kentucky gain or loss on the appropriate line. **Attach the created Kentucky Schedule D, Kentucky Form 4797 and other forms or schedules to support the deduction.**

Line 10(a), Federally Taxable IRA Distributions, Pensions and Annuities—Enter on Line 10(a), Column A, the total of IRA distributions, pensions and annuities received for the entire year. Enter on Line 10(a), Column B, the total of IRA distributions, pensions and annuities received while a resident of Kentucky.

Line 10(b), Pension Income Exclusion—You may exclude up to \$41,110 of pension income **reported on Line 10(a), Column B.** If Line 10(a), Column B, is more than \$41,110 and is from the federal government, Commonwealth of Kentucky or Kentucky local governments, complete Schedule P.

Line 11, Income from Schedule E—Enter income from rents, royalties, partnerships, estates, trusts, limited liability companies (LLC), S corporations and REMICs. Nonresident individuals receiving a Kentucky Schedule K-1 from a partnership, estate, trust, LLC or S corporation must report their distributive share of the income, gains or losses, etc., as reflected on the Schedule K-1. Shareholders and partners should multiply their distributive share items by the taxable percentage from Schedule K-1; Form 720S, Line B(2); Form 765, Line D(2) and Form 765-GP, Line C(2).

Part-year residents not receiving a Kentucky Schedule K-1, but receiving a federal K-1 from a partnership, estate, trust or S corporation, must report the same amount of distributive income, gains or losses, etc., as reported for federal income tax purposes from entities whose taxable years end during their period of residence.

Do not include in Column B the net income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.

Report income from real estate mortgage investment conduits (REMICs) as follows: (1) if the REMIC is a corporation, include only distributions of cash or property during the taxable year; or (2) if other than a corporation, report the same amount as reported for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year.

Note: Individual owners of disregarded single member LLCs (SM LLCs) that file on Schedules C, E, or F for federal income tax shall file Form 725, Kentucky Single Member LLC Individually Owned Corporation Income Tax Return, to compute and pay the limited liability entity tax. The individual member shall report income or loss from the entity and determine credit in the same manner as other PTEs.

Line 13, Unemployment Compensation—Report income from unemployment compensation while a resident or from Kentucky sources while a nonresident.

Line 14, Taxable Social Security Benefits—Social Security benefits are not taxable for Kentucky.

Line 15, Gambling Winnings—Report income from lottery winnings and gambling received while a Kentucky resident or from Kentucky sources while a nonresident.

Line 16, Other Income—Report income from prizes, awards, or any sources not listed above while a Kentucky resident or from Kentucky sources while a nonresident. Also, include any mortgage debt forgiveness excluded from federal adjusted gross income.

Retirement Income (For persons moving out of Kentucky)—Include differences in pension (3-year recovery rule) and IRA bases received while a resident of Kentucky (also include differences on Schedule P, Line 2).

Net Operating Loss Deduction—A Kentucky net operating loss deduction (KNOLD) must be computed using Kentucky income and deduction amounts. The federal net operating loss deduction is not allowed. The KNOLD should be included as a negative amount on Line 16. If the loss is from a business outside Kentucky, none of the loss may be used. Kentucky returns must be filed for the year of the loss and for all years for which the loss is utilized. Attach schedule showing computation.

Note: For 2005 and future years, the carryback of net operating losses to prior years is no longer allowed. Net operating losses may be carried forward for up to 20 years. Documentation to substantiate any loss must be available to the Department of Revenue upon request.

Artistic Charitable Contributions—A deduction is allowed for "qualified artistic charitable contributions" of any literary, musical, artistic or scholarly composition, letter or memorandum, or similar property.

An amount equal to the fair market value of the property on the date contributed is allowable as a deduction. However, the deduction is limited to the amount of the taxpayer's Kentucky artistic adjusted gross income for the taxable year. This amount should be included as a negative amount on Line 16.

The following requirements for a deduction must be met:

- (a) The property must have been created by the personal efforts of the taxpayer at least one year prior to the date contributed. The creation of this property cannot be related to the performance of duties while an officer or employee of the United States, any state or political subdivision thereof.
- (b) A written appraisal of the fair market value of the contributed property must be made by a qualified independent appraiser within one year of the date of the contribution. A copy of the appraisal must be attached to the tax return.
- (c) The contribution must be made to a qualified tax-exempt organization.

ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME

KRS 141.010(10) and (11) provide that deductions are limited to amounts allocable to income subject to taxation. If a deduction or an adjustment to gross income is allowable based upon the receipt of certain types of income or is limited to a maximum amount deductible for federal income tax purposes, the Kentucky income used to determine the amount allowable for Kentucky shall be the same type of income used to allow

the deduction on the federal return. Persons who move into or out of Kentucky during the year are limited to either the adjustments to gross income paid during the period of residence or that portion of adjustments to gross income that Kentucky income bears to total income. Nonresidents are limited to that portion of adjustments to gross income that Kentucky income bears to total income.

Line 18, Educator Expenses—Deduct up to \$250 for teachers and other educators for their out-of-pocket expenses incurred while a Kentucky resident or expenses for use in an educational classroom.

Line 19, Certain Business Expenses of Reservists, Performing Artists and Fee-Basis Government Officials—Deduct out-of-pocket expenses for members of the National Guard or Reserves.

Line 20, Health Savings Account (HSA) Deduction—Federal limitations apply. Contributions deducted by full-year nonresidents are limited to the percentage of their Kentucky total income (Line 17, Column B) to their federal total income (Line 17, Column A). Do not claim amounts as an itemized deduction.

Line 21, Moving Expenses—Enter allowable moving expense deduction (attach Schedule ME).

Line 22, Deduction for One-Half of Self-Employment Tax—You may deduct one-half of the self-employment tax based upon the self-employment income reported in Column B as Kentucky income for the taxable year.

Line 23, Self-Employed SEP, SIMPLE and Qualified Plans Deduction—Self-employed persons may deduct qualified payments to a Keogh retirement plan, a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) or a SIMPLE plan based upon Kentucky self-employment earnings.

Line 24, Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction—For Kentucky purposes, see Section D, Line 32 for the allowable health insurance deduction.

Line 25, Penalty on Early Withdrawal of Savings—You may deduct the interest penalty only if the interest income has been reported to Kentucky.

Line 26, Alimony Paid—The alimony deduction cannot exceed Kentucky income. Alimony paid by full-year nonresidents is limited to the percentage of their Kentucky total income to their federal total income. Enter the recipient's name and Social Security number.

Line 27, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs)—The deduction cannot exceed income earned in Kentucky. Contributions made by full-year nonresidents are limited to the percentage of their Kentucky earned income to their federal earned income. Use federal worksheets and instructions with the above limitations.

Line 28, Student Loan Interest Deduction—Federal limitations apply. Student loan interest deduction is limited to the percentage of Kentucky total income (Line 17, Column B) to federal total income (Line 17, Column A). Enter in Column A, the total of student loan interest from your federal return. Enter in Column B, the allowable deduction with the above limitation.

Line 29, Tuition and Fees Deduction—Federal limitations apply. The tuition and fees deduction is limited to the percentage of Kentucky total income (Line 17, Column B) to federal total income (Line 17, Column A). Enter in Column A, the tuition and fees deduction from your federal return. Enter in Column B, the allowable deduction with the above limitation.

Line 30, Domestic Production Activities Deduction—Federal limitations apply. For the pass-through entities, the deduction is based on the activities of the partnership or S corporation,

and it is computed at the individual partner or shareholder level. The partner or shareholder is allocated its share of items to compute the deduction via the Schedule K-1. A completed Form 8903-K, Kentucky Domestic Production Activities Deduction, must be attached.

Line 31, Long-Term Care Insurance Premiums—Long-term care insurance premiums deducted by full-year nonresidents are limited to the percentage of their Kentucky total income (Line 17, Column B) to their federal total income (Line 17, Column A). Do not claim amounts as an itemized deduction.

Line 32, Health Insurance Premiums—Medical and dental insurance premiums deducted by full-year nonresidents are limited to the percentage of their Kentucky total income (Line 17, Column B) to their federal total income (Line 17, Column A).

Note: This deduction applies to premiums paid with after-tax dollars. Premiums paid with pretax income (cafeteria plans and vouchers already excluded from wage income) are not deductible again. Do not include long-term care insurance premiums deducted on Line 31. If you are eligible for the Health Coverage Tax Credit, you may not deduct premiums paid on your behalf (advance payments) and you must reduce the amount you paid by the amount of health coverage tax credit. (See federal Form 8885.)

INCOME/TAX

Note: These items are reported on page 1, Form 740-NP.

Line 7—Enter the percentage from page 4, Section D, Line 35.

Line 8—Enter federal Adjusted Gross Income from page 4, Section D, Column A, Line 34.

Line 9—Enter Kentucky Adjusted Gross Income from page 4, Section D, Column B, Line 34.

Line 10—Nonitemizers, enter the standard deduction of \$2,100. If filing a joint return, only one \$2,100 standard deduction is allowed.

Line 11—Itemizers, complete Schedule A and enter itemized deductions on Line 11. If one spouse itemizes deductions, the other must itemize. See specific instructions for Schedule A.

Line 12—Multiply Line 11 by the percentage on Line 7. If Line 12 does not exceed \$2,100 and your filing status is 1 or 2, you should take the standard deduction. Married couples filing separate returns, see special rules under instructions for Schedule A.

Line 13—Subtract either Line 10 or 12 from Line 9. This is your Taxable Income.

Line 14—Use the tax table provided in the instructions to compute your tax. Enter this amount on Line 14.

If you had a **lump-sum distribution** from a qualified retirement plan, complete Schedule P and Form 4972-K and attach copies to Form 740-NP. The amount of tax computed on Form 4972-K should be included in the amount on this line.

Schedule J, Farm Income Averaging—If you elect Farm Income Averaging on your federal return, you may also use this method for Kentucky. Complete and attach Kentucky Schedule J and include tax in the amount on this line.

Line 15—Enter amount from page 2, Section A, Line 17. See instructions for Section A.

Line 17—Enter amount from page 3, Section B, Line 4. See instructions for Section B.

Line 18—Multiply the amount on Line 17 by the percentage on Line 7 and enter result here.

LINE 20 and LINE 21, Family Size Tax Credit—The Family Size Tax Credit is based on modified gross income (MGI) and the size of the family. If your total MGI is \$28,196 or less, you may qualify for Kentucky Family Size Tax Credit.

STEP ONE—Determine your family size. Check the box on Line 20 to the right of the number that represents your family size.

Family Size—Consists of yourself, your spouse if married and living in the same household and qualifying children.

Family Size 1 is an individual either single, or married living apart from his or her spouse for the entire year. You may qualify for the Family Size Tax Credit even if you are claimed as a dependent on your parent’s tax return.

Family Size 2 is an individual with one qualifying child or a married couple.

Family Size 3 is an individual with two qualifying children or a married couple with one qualifying child.

Family Size 4 is an individual with three or more qualifying children or a married couple with two or more qualifying children.

Qualifying Dependent Child—Means a qualifying child as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 152(c), and includes a child who lives in the household but cannot be claimed as a dependent if the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 152(e)(2) and 152(e)(4) apply. In general, to be a taxpayer’s qualifying child, a person must satisfy four tests:

Relationship—Must be the taxpayer’s child or stepchild (whether by blood or adoption), foster child, sibling or stepsibling, or a descendant of one of these.

Residence—Has the same principal residence as the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. A qualifying child is determined without regard to the exception for children of divorced or separated parents.

Age—Must be under the age of 19 at the end of the tax year, or under the age of 24 if a full-time student for at least five months of the year, or be permanently and totally disabled at any time during the year.

Support—Did not provide more than one-half of his/her own support for the year.

STEP TWO—Determine modified gross income.

FORM 740-NP WORKSHEET FOR COMPUTATION OF MODIFIED GROSS INCOME FOR FAMILY SIZE TAX CREDIT

- (a) Enter your federal adjusted gross income from page 1, Line 8. **If zero or less, enter zero** (a) _____
- (b) If married filing separate returns and living in the same household, enter your spouse’s federal adjusted gross income. **If zero or less, enter zero** (b) _____
- (c) Enter tax-exempt interest from municipal bonds (non-Kentucky)..... (c) _____
- (d) Enter amount of lump-sum distributions not included in federal adjusted gross income (federal Form 4972)..... (d) _____
- (e) Enter total of Lines (a), (b), (c) and (d)..... (e) _____
- (f) Enter your Kentucky adjusted gross income from page 1, Line 9. **If zero or less, enter zero** (f) _____
- (g) If married filing separate returns and living in the same household, enter your spouse’s Kentucky adjusted gross income from page 1, Line 9. **If zero or less, enter zero** (g) _____
- (h) Enter amount of lump-sum distributions not included in adjusted gross income (Kentucky Form 4972-K)..... (h) _____
- (i) Enter total of Lines (f), (g) and (h)..... (i) _____
- (j) Enter the **greater** of Line (e) or (i). This is your **Modified Gross Income**.
Use this amount to determine if you qualify for the Family Size Tax Credit..... (j) _____

STEP THREE—Use the Family Size Table to look up the percentage of credit and enter in the space provided on Line 21.

Family Size	One		Two		Three		Four or More		Credit Percentage is
	is over	is not over	is over	is not over	is over	is not over	is over	is not over	
2008	\$ ---	\$ 10,400	\$ ---	\$ 14,000	\$ ---	\$ 17,600	\$ ---	\$ 21,200	100
	10,400	10,816	14,000	14,560	17,600	18,304	21,200	22,048	90
	10,816	11,232	14,560	15,120	18,304	19,008	22,048	22,896	80
	11,232	11,648	15,120	15,680	19,008	19,712	22,896	23,744	70
	11,648	12,064	15,680	16,240	19,712	20,416	23,744	24,592	60
	12,064	12,480	16,240	16,800	20,416	21,120	24,592	25,440	50
	12,480	12,896	16,800	17,360	21,120	21,824	25,440	26,288	40
	12,896	13,208	17,360	17,780	21,824	22,352	26,288	26,924	30
	13,208	13,520	17,780	18,200	22,352	22,880	26,924	27,560	20
	13,520	13,832	18,200	18,620	22,880	23,408	27,560	28,196	10
	13,832	---	18,620	---	23,408	---	28,196	---	0

STEP FOUR—Multiply tax from Line 19 by the percentage and enter on Line 21. This is your **Family Size Tax Credit**.

LINE 23, Education Tuition Tax Credit—Complete Form 8863-K to claim this credit. You may claim 25 percent of the allowable federal Hope and Lifetime Learning credit if:

- the expenses claimed are from a Kentucky institution;
- the expenses are for undergraduate studies; and
- your Kentucky filing status is single or married filing a joint return.

Any unused credit may be carried forward up to five years.

Line 25, Child and Dependent Care Credit—Full-year nonresidents are not entitled to this credit. Part-year residents may be entitled to a credit for child and dependent care expenses paid while a resident of Kentucky. To determine this credit, complete the following worksheet.

- Enter total credit calculated on federal Form 2441, Line 9 (or 1040A, Schedule 2, Line 9)
- Enter total child and dependent care expenses entered on Form 2441, Line 3 or Form 1040A, Schedule 2, Line 3
- Enter the amount included on Line b paid while a Kentucky resident.....
- Divide Line c by Line b.
Enter result.....
- Multiply the amount on Line a by the decimal amount on Line d
- Percent of allowable credit for Kentucky..... x .20
- Multiply the amount on Line e by the decimal amount on Line f. This is your Child and Dependent Care Credit. Enter on Line 25.....

Note: If you and your spouse are filing separate Kentucky returns, the child and dependent care credit calculated for Kentucky must be divided based on the percentage of each spouse's adjusted gross income to total Kentucky adjusted gross income (Line 9).

Line 27, Kentucky Use Tax—If, while a Kentucky resident, you made any out-of-state purchases of tangible personal property for use in Kentucky on which sales tax was not charged, you must report Kentucky use tax on those purchases, pursuant to KRS 139.330. Examples include catalog or Internet purchases such as clothing; sporting goods; flower bulbs, seeds and garden supplies; computer hardware and software; photographic equipment and film processing; book, tape, CD and video club purchases; magazine subscriptions; furniture; carpet; boats and boating equipment; etc. From your cancelled checks, invoices, credit card statements, etc., list on the following worksheet out-of-state purchases on which sales tax was not paid (use additional page if necessary).

Note: The items reported for use tax on Form 740-NP should be those purchased strictly for personal use. Any use tax liabilities accruing to a business such as mail-order office supplies must be reported on the sales and use tax return or the consumer's use tax return. The Department of Revenue routinely conducts compliance programs with other states regarding out-of-state purchases. Persons not reporting applicable use tax will be liable for the tax plus interest and penalties.

Description of Property Purchased	Date of Purchase	Purchase Price
		\$
a. Total purchase price of property subject to use tax		\$
b. Use tax rate—6%.....		x .06
c. Use tax (multiply amount on Line a by .06). Enter here and on Line 27. Keep this worksheet for your records		\$

LINE 30(a), Tax Withheld—Enter the amount of 2008 Kentucky income tax withheld by your employer(s). This amount is shown on wage and tax statements, including Forms 1099 and W-2G, which you must attach to Form 740-NP in the designated area. You will not be given credit for Kentucky income tax withheld unless you attach the wage and tax statements or other supporting documents reflecting Kentucky withholding.

Employers are required to give these statements to employees no later than January 31, 2009. If by March 1 you are unable to obtain a wage and tax statement from an employer, contact the Department of Revenue for instructions.

You may not claim credit for tax **withheld** by another state. Within certain limitations, Kentucky part-year residents may claim a credit for nonrefundable individual income tax **paid** to other states. See Section A, Line 4.

Local government occupational, license or income tax must not be included on line 30(a).

LINE 30(b), Estimated Tax Paid—Enter Kentucky estimated tax payments made for 2008 and amounts credited from the 2007 return.

Also, include on Line 30(b) payments prepaid with extension requests. Identify as "prepaid with extension."

LINE 30(c), Nonresident Withholding—Enter the amount of Kentucky income tax withheld from form PTE-WH, line 9.

LINE 31—Total of amounts on Lines 30(a) through 30(c).

Compare the amounts on Lines 29 and 31. If Line 31 is larger than Line 29, subtract Line 29 from Line 31. Enter the difference on Line 32. This is the **AMOUNT OVERPAID**.

If Line 31 is smaller than Line 29, you owe additional tax. Subtract Line 31 from Line 29. Enter on Line 40. For instructions on payment, see Line 43, Amount You Owe.

Line 32, Amount Overpaid—If you have an overpayment on Line 32, you may have all of this amount refunded to you on Line 39, and/or you may credit all or part of it toward your 2009 Kentucky estimated income tax on Line 38. You may also contribute all or a portion of your overpayment to the following funds: (a) on Line 33, the **Nature and Wildlife Fund** for the purpose of acquiring land to preserve habitat for wildlife and natural areas of historic or scenic value; (b) on Line 34, the **Child Victims' Trust Fund** to support local programs designed to prevent sexual abuse and exploitation of children; (c) on Line 35, the **Veterans' Program Trust Fund** which was created solely for the benefit of veterans' programs; or (d) on Line 36, the **Breast Cancer Research and Education Trust Fund** which was created to fund breast cancer research and provide public education about breast cancer. *Amounts contributed on Line 37 and/or credited on Line 38 must be subtracted from the overpayment and cannot exceed it.*

Line 40, Additional Tax Due—This is your additional tax due before penalties and interest.

Penalties and Interest

Line 41(a), Underpayment of Estimated Tax—If the amount owed is more than \$500 and more than 30 percent of the income tax liability on Line 26, you may be subject to a penalty of 10 percent of the underpayment of estimated tax.

The amount of the penalty may be calculated on Form 2210-K, which may be obtained from the Department of Revenue. Form 2210-K may also be used by qualifying farmers and others to claim exception to the penalty. If paying the penalty or claiming an exemption, complete Form 2210-K, attach it to your return and check the block below Line 41(a). Enter the amount of the penalty on Line 41(a). The minimum penalty is \$25.

If your return is filed after April 15, 2009, or any tax due on the return is paid after April 15, 2009; you may be subject to additional penalties and interest.

Line 41(b), Interest—Interest will be assessed at the "tax interest rate" from the original due date of the return until the date of payment.

Line 41(c), Late Payment Penalty—If the amount of tax due as shown on Line 40 is not paid by the original due date of the return, a penalty of 2 percent of the tax computed due may be assessed for each 30 days or fraction thereof that the tax is past due, not to exceed 20 percent. The minimum penalty is \$10. However, if the amount timely paid is 75 percent of the tax determined due by the Department of Revenue, no late payment penalty will be assessed.

Line 41(d), Late Filing Penalty—If a return is not filed by the due date or the extended due date, a penalty of 2 percent of the total tax due for each 30 days or fraction thereof that a return is not filed may be assessed, not to exceed 20 percent. The minimum penalty is \$10.

Note: Penalties but not interest may be reduced or waived if reasonable cause for reduction or waiver can be shown.

Line 43, Amount You Owe—Any tax shown due on Line 43 must be paid when the return is filed. Attach a check payable to Kentucky State Treasurer and mail the check and return to Kentucky Department of Revenue, Frankfort, KY 40619-0008. **To help identify your payment write "KY Income Tax—2008" and your Social Security number on the face of the check.**

Note: If you cannot pay your tax in full, file your return and pay as much as possible by April 15, 2009. Contact the Department of Revenue for additional payment information.

ESTIMATED TAX—If, during 2009, you expect to receive income from Kentucky sources from which no tax will be withheld, you may be required to make estimated tax installment payments. An underpayment penalty may be assessed if you fail to prepay at least 70 percent of your tax liability. For further information, obtain Form 740-ES from the Department of Revenue.

Pay by Credit Card or eCheck—Pay your 2008 Kentucky individual income tax by MasterCard or VISA credit card or by eCheck (electronic check) through April 15, 2009. Access the Department of Revenue's secure Web site (www.revenue.ky.gov) to make electronic payments over the Internet. Click on the **KY E-Tax** logo or choose **Electronic Services** from the menu, then click on **Electronic Payment**. If you do not have access to the Internet, you may call the Department of Revenue at (502) 564-4581 to make a payment.

To make a credit card payment, the following information is needed: credit card type, credit card number, expiration date, and the cardholder's address as it appears on the credit card billing statement. To make an eCheck payment, the following information is needed: bank name, bank account number, and bank routing number.

WHEN AND WHERE TO FILE—The income tax return for calendar year 2008 must be postmarked no later than April 15, 2009, to avoid penalties and interest. Mail to:

Refund/Other Returns

Kentucky Department of Revenue
Frankfort, KY 40618-0006

Pay Returns

Kentucky Department of Revenue
Frankfort, KY 40619-0008

EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE

Taxpayers who are unable to file a return by April 15, 2009, may request an extension. Inability to pay is not an acceptable reason. Acceptable reasons include, but are not limited to, destruction of records by fire or flood and serious illness of the taxpayer. The request for the extension must be submitted in writing to the Department of Revenue on or before the due date of the return. The request must state a reasonable cause for the inability to file. Extensions are limited to six months. **A copy of the Kentucky extension request must be attached to the return.**

Individuals who receive a federal extension are not required to obtain a separate Kentucky extension. They can meet the requirements by attaching a copy of the application for automatic federal extension or the **approved** federal extension to the Kentucky return.

Kentucky residents who are in the military are often granted extensions for tax filings when serving outside the United States. Any extension granted for federal income tax purposes will be honored for Kentucky income tax purposes.

Interest at the "tax interest rate" applies to any income tax paid after the original due date of the return. If the amount of tax paid by the original due date is less than 75 percent of the tax due, a late payment penalty may be assessed (minimum penalty is \$10). Interest and late payment penalty charges can be avoided by remitting payment with the Extension Payment Voucher by the due date.

If you wish to make a payment prior to the due date of your tax return, complete Section II of the Application for Extension of Time to File, Form 40A102, and remit with payment. Write "KY Income Tax—2008" and your Social Security number on the face of the check.

Personal Property—Kentucky taxpayers are reminded to report all taxable personal property, except motor vehicles, owned on January 1 to either the property valuation administrator in the county of residence (or location of business) or the Office of Property Valuation in Frankfort. Tangible personal property is to be reported on the Tangible Personal Property Tax Return, Form 62A500. The due date for these returns is May 15.

SECTION A—BUSINESS INCENTIVE AND OTHER TAX CREDITS

Line 1, Nonrefundable Limited Liability Entity Tax Credit (KRS 141.0401(2))

An individual that is a partner, member or shareholder of a limited liability pass-through entity is allowed a limited liability entity tax (LLET) credit against the income tax imposed by KRS 141.020 equal to the individual's proportionate share of LLET computed on the gross receipts or gross profits of the limited liability pass-through entity as provided by KRS 141.0401(2), after the LLET is reduced by the minimum tax of \$175 and by other tax credits which the limited liability pass-through entity may be allowed. The credit allowed an individual that is a partner, member, or shareholder of a limited liability pass-through entity against income tax shall be applied only to

income tax assessed on the individual's proportionate share of distributive income from the limited liability pass-through entity as provided by KRS 141.0401(3)(b). Any remaining LLET credit shall be disallowed and shall not be carried forward to the next year.

Nonrefundable Kentucky limited liability entity tax credit (KRS 141.0401(2))—The credit amount is shown on Kentucky Schedule(s) K-1 from pass-through entities (PTEs) or Form(s) 725 for single member limited liability companies. **Copies of Kentucky Schedule(s) K-1 or Form(s) 725 must be attached to your return.**

Kentucky Limited Liability Entity Tax Credit Worksheet

Complete a separate worksheet for each LLE. Retain for your records.

Name _____

Address _____

FEIN _____

Percentage of Ownership %

1. Enter Kentucky taxable income from Form 740-NP, Line 13..... _____
2. Enter LLE income **as shown on Kentucky Schedule K-1 or Form 725** _____
3. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1 and enter total here _____
4. Enter Kentucky tax on income amount on Line 1..... _____
5. Enter Kentucky tax on income amount on Line 3..... _____
6. Subtract Line 5 from Line 4. If Line 5 is larger than Line 4, enter zero. This is your tax savings if income is ignored _____
7. Enter nonrefundable limited liability entity tax credit **(from Kentucky Schedule K-1 or Form 725)** _____
8. Enter the lesser of Line 6 or Line 7. This is your credit. Enter here and on Form 740-NP, Section A, Line 1 _____

Line 2, Skills Training Investment Tax Credit—Enter the amount of credit certified by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation. A copy of the Kentucky Schedule K-1 for the year the credit was approved must be attached to the return in the first year the credit is claimed. The excess credit over the income tax liability in the year approved may be carried forward for three successive taxable years. For information regarding the application and approval process for this credit, contact the Cabinet for Economic Development, Bluegrass State Skills Corporation at (502) 564-2021, for information.

Line 3, Historic Preservation Restoration Tax Credit—This credit is available to owner-occupied residential and commercial preservation projects for structures that are listed in the National Register of Historic Places, or in a National Register historic district, up to \$3 million annually. The credit is 30 percent of certified rehabilitation expenses for owner-occupied residential properties, not to exceed \$60,000 per project, and 20 percent for commercial and income-producing properties. To qualify, an owner must spend at least \$20,000 on rehabilitation.

Individuals or businesses can apply the credit against their state income tax liability, carry the credit forward up to seven years or transfer it to a banking institution to leverage financing. For more information regarding this credit, visit the Kentucky Heritage Council's Web site at www.heritage.ky.gov, or call (502) 564-7005.

Line 4, Credit for Tax Paid to Another State—Kentucky residents are required to report all income received including income from sources outside Kentucky. Within certain limitations, a credit for income tax paid to another state may be claimed. The credit is **limited** to the amount of Kentucky tax savings had the income reported to the other state been omitted, or the amount of tax paid to the other state, **whichever is less.**



***TIP**—Credit for taxes paid to another state may be reduced or eliminated if gambling losses are claimed on Schedule A.*

You may not claim credit for tax withheld by another state. You must file a return with the other state and pay tax on income also taxed by Kentucky in order to claim the credit. A copy of the other state's return including a schedule of income sources must be attached to verify this credit. **If you owe tax in more than one state, the credit for each state must be computed separately.**

Reciprocal States—Kentucky has reciprocal agreements with specific states. These agreements provide that taxpayers be taxed by their state of residence, and not the state where income is earned. Persons who live in Kentucky for more than 183 days during the tax year are considered residents and reciprocity does not apply. The states and types of exemptions are as follows:

- Illinois, West Virginia**—wages and salaries
- Indiana**—wages, salaries and commissions
- Michigan, Wisconsin**—income from personal services (including salaries and wages)
- Ohio**—wages and salaries. **Note:** Wages which an S corporation pays to a shareholder-employee if the shareholder-employee is a "twenty (20) percent or greater" direct or indirect equity investor in the S corporation shall not be exempt under the reciprocity agreement.
- Virginia**—commuting daily, salaries and wages

Kentucky does not allow a credit for tax paid to a reciprocal state on the above income. If tax was withheld by a reciprocal state, you must file directly with the other state for a refund of those taxes.

Credit for Taxes Paid to Other State Worksheet

Kentucky residents/part-year residents only. Complete a separate worksheet for each state. See instructions for Form 740-NP, Section A, Line 4.

Name of other state.....

1. List Kentucky taxable income from Form 740-NP, Line 13..... _____
2. List any gambling losses from Schedule A, Line 31..... _____
3. Add Lines 1 and 2 and enter total here..... _____
4. List income reported to other state included on Kentucky return..... _____
5. Subtract Line 4 from Line 3 and enter total here..... _____
6. Adjusted gambling losses. Compute gambling losses allowed on Kentucky return if income from other state is ignored..... _____
7. Subtract Line 6 from Line 5 and enter total here..... _____
8. Enter Kentucky tax on income amount on Line 7..... _____
9. Enter Kentucky tax on income amount on Line 1..... _____
10. Subtract Line 8 from Line 9. This is the tax savings on return if other state's income is ignored..... _____
11. Enter tax paid to other state on income claimed on Kentucky return. _____
12. Enter the lesser of Line 10 or Line 11. This is your credit for tax paid to other state. Carry this total to Form 740-NP, Section A, Line 4..... _____

Line 5, Employer's Unemployment Tax Credit—If you hired unemployed Kentucky residents to work for you during the last six months of 2007 or during 2008, you may be eligible to claim the unemployment tax credit. In order to claim a credit, each person hired must meet specific criteria. For each qualified person, you may claim a tax credit of \$100. The period of unemployment must be certified by the Office of Employment and Training, Education Cabinet, 275 East Main Street, 2-WA, Frankfort, KY 40621-0001, and you must maintain a copy of the certification in your files. Complete and attach Schedule UTC, Unemployment Tax Credit.

Line 6, Recycling and/or Composting Tax Credit—Individuals who purchase recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively in Kentucky for recycling or composting postconsumer waste materials, are entitled to a credit against the tax equal to 50 percent of the installed cost of the equipment. Application for this credit must be made on Schedule RC, which may be obtained from the Department of Revenue. A copy of Schedule RC and/or Schedule RC (K-1) reflecting the amount of credit approved by the Department of Revenue must be attached to the return.

Line 7, Kentucky Investment Fund Tax Credit—Limits on Kentucky Investment Fund Act (KIFA) Credits—KIFA tax credits available to any single investment fund are limited to \$1.3 million for all investors and all taxable years. Total KIFA tax credits available for all investors in all investment funds shall not exceed \$5 million per fiscal year. An investor whose cash contribution to an investment fund has been certified by the

Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority (KEDFA) is entitled to a nonrefundable credit against Kentucky income tax equal to 40 percent of the cash contribution. For investments before July 1, 2002, the amount of credit that may be claimed in any given year is limited to 25 percent of the total amount certified by the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority (KEDFA). For investments after June 30, 2002, the credit is claimed on the tax return filed for the tax year following the year in which the credit is granted and is limited in any tax year to 50 percent of the initial aggregate credit apportioned to the investor. Attach a copy of the certification by KEDFA in the first year claimed. Any excess credit may be carried forward. No credit may extend beyond 15 years of the initial certification.

Line 8, Coal Incentive Tax Credit—An electric power company or a company that owns and operates a coal-fired electric generating plant may be entitled to a coal incentive tax credit. Application for this credit is made on Schedule CI, Application for Coal Incentive Tax Credit, and a copy of the credit certificate issued by the Kentucky Department of Revenue must be attached to the return on which the credit is claimed.

Line 9, Qualified Research Facility Tax Credit—A nonrefundable credit is allowed against individual and corporation income taxes equal to 5 percent of the cost of constructing and equipping new facilities or expanding or remodeling existing facilities in Kentucky for qualified research. "Qualified research" is defined to mean qualified research as defined in Section 41 of the IRC. Any unused credit may be carried forward 10 years. Complete and attach Schedule QR, Qualified Research Facility Tax Credit.

Line 10, Employer GED Incentive Tax Credit—KRS Chapter 151B.127 provides a nonrefundable income tax credit for employers who assist employees in completing a learning contract in which the employee agrees to obtain his or her high school equivalency diploma. The employer shall complete the lower portion of the GED-Incentive Program Final Report (Form DAEL-31) and attach a copy to the return to claim this credit. Shareholders and partners should attach a copy of Schedule K-1 showing the amount of credit distributed. For information regarding the program, contact the Education Cabinet, Kentucky Adult Education, Council on Postsecondary Education.

Line 11, Voluntary Environmental Remediation Credit (Brownfield)—This line should be completed only if the taxpayers have an agreed order with the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet under the provisions of KRS 224.01-518 and have been approved for the credit by the Department of Revenue. Maximum credit allowed to be claimed per taxable year is 25 percent of approved credit. For more information regarding credit for voluntary environmental remediation property, contact the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet at (502) 564-3350. To claim this credit, Schedule VERB must be attached.

Line 12, Biodiesel and Renewable Diesel Credit—Producers and blenders of biodiesel and producers of renewable diesel are entitled to a tax credit against the taxes imposed by KRS 141.020, KRS 141.040 and KRS 141.0401. The taxpayer must file a claim for biodiesel and renewable diesel credit with the Department of Revenue by January 15 each year for biodiesel produced or blended and the renewable diesel produced in the previous calendar year. The department shall issue a credit certification to the taxpayer by April 15. The credit certification must be attached to the tax return claiming this credit.

Line 13, Environmental Stewardship Tax Credit—An approved company may be permitted a credit against the Kentucky income tax imposed by KRS 141.020, KRS 141.040 or KRS 141.0401 on the income of the approved company generated

by or arising out of a project as determined under KRS 154.48-020. An “environmental stewardship product” means any new manufactured product or substantially improved existing manufactured product that has a lesser or reduced adverse effect on human health and the environment or provides for improvement to human health and the environment when compared with existing products or competing products that serve the same purpose. A company must have eligible costs of at least \$5 million and within six months after the activation date, the approved company compensates a minimum of 90 percent of its full-time employees whose jobs were created or retained with base salary wages equal to either: (1) 75 percent of the average hourly wage for the commonwealth; or (2) 75 percent of the average hourly wage for the county in which the project is to be undertaken. The maximum amount of negotiated inducement that can be claimed by a company for any single tax year may be up to 25 percent of the authorized inducement. The agreement shall expire on the earlier of the date the approved company has received inducements equal to the approved costs of its project, or 10 years from the activation date. For more information, contact the Cabinet for Economic Development, Old Capitol Annex, 300 West Broadway, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

Caution: An approved company under the Environmental Stewardship Act shall not be entitled to the recycling credit provided under the provisions of KRS 141.390 for equipment used in the production of an environmental stewardship project.

Line 14, Clean Coal Incentive Tax Credit—A nonrefundable, nontransferable credit against taxes imposed by KRS 136.120, KRS 141.020, KRS 141.040, or KRS 141.0401 shall be allowed for a clean coal facility. As provided by KRS 141.428, a clean coal facility means an electric generation facility beginning commercial operation on or after January 1, 2005, at a cost greater than \$150 million that is located in the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is certified by the Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet as reducing emissions of pollutants released during generation of electricity through the use of clean coal equipment and technologies. The amount of the credit shall be \$2 per ton of eligible coal purchased that is used to generate electric power at a certified clean coal facility, except that no credit shall be allowed if the eligible coal has been used to generate a credit under KRS 141.0405 for the taxpayer, parent or a subsidiary.

Line 15, Ethanol Tax Credit—For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, an ethanol producer shall be eligible for a nonrefundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and 141.0401 in an amount certified by the department. The credit rate shall be one dollar (\$1) per ethanol gallon produced, unless the total amount of approved credit for all ethanol producers exceeds the annual ethanol tax credit cap. If the total amount of approved credit for all ethanol producers exceeds the annual ethanol tax credit cap, the department shall determine the amount of credit each ethanol producer receives by multiplying the annual ethanol tax credit cap by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of approved credit for the ethanol producer and the denominator of which is the total approved credit for all ethanol producers. The credit allowed shall be applied both to the income tax imposed under KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and to the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, with the ordering of credits as provided in KRS 141.0205. Any remaining ethanol credit shall be disallowed and shall not be carried forward to the next year. “Ethanol producer” is defined as an entity that uses corn, soybeans, or wheat to manufacture ethanol at a location in this Commonwealth.

Line 16, Cellulosic Ethanol Tax Credit—For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a cellulosic ethanol producer shall be eligible for a nonrefundable tax credit against the taxes imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and 141.0401 in

an amount certified by the department. The credit rate shall be one dollar (\$1) per cellulosic ethanol gallon produced, unless the total amount of approved credit for all cellulosic ethanol producers exceeds the annual cellulosic ethanol tax credit cap. If the total amount of approved credit for all cellulosic ethanol producers exceeds the annual cellulosic ethanol tax credit cap, the department shall determine the amount of credit each cellulosic ethanol producer receives by multiplying the annual cellulosic ethanol tax credit cap by a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount of approved credit for the cellulosic ethanol producer and the denominator of which is the total approved credit for all cellulosic ethanol producers. The credit allowed shall be applied both to the income tax imposed under KRS 141.020 or 141.040 and to the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, with the ordering of credits as provided in KRS 141.0205. Any remaining cellulosic ethanol credit shall be disallowed and shall not be carried forward to the next year. “Cellulosic ethanol producer” is defined as an entity that uses cellulosic biomass materials to manufacture cellulosic ethanol at a location in this Commonwealth.

SECTION B—PERSONAL TAX CREDITS

Line 1(a), Yourself—You are always allowed to claim a tax credit for yourself (even if your parent(s) can claim a credit for you on their return). On Line 1(a), there are five boxes under three separate headings. Always check the box under “Check Regular” to claim a tax credit for yourself. *If 65 or older*, also check the next two boxes on the line. *If legally blind*, also check the last two boxes on the line.

Line 1(b), Your Spouse—Do not fill in Line 1(b) if (1) you are single; (2) you are married and you and your spouse are filing two separate returns; or (3) your spouse received more than half of his or her support from another taxpayer.

Fill in Line 1(b) if you are married and (1) you and your spouse are filing a joint or combined return, or (2) if your spouse had no income or is not required to file a return. If you meet these criteria, check the first box on Line 1(b) for your spouse. *If your spouse is 65 or older*, also check the next two boxes. *If your spouse was legally blind at the end of the taxable year*, also check the last two boxes on Line 1(b).

Dependents—You are allowed to claim a tax credit for each person defined as a dependent in the Internal Revenue Code. Generally, dependents who qualify for federal purposes also qualify for Kentucky.

Line 2, Dependents Who Live With You

Use to claim tax credits for your dependent children, including stepchildren and legally adopted children, who lived with you during the taxable year. **If the dependent meets the requirements for a qualifying child under the provisions of IRC 152(c), check the box; this child qualifies to be counted to determine the family size.**

Dependents Who Did Not Live With You

Also use Line 2 to claim tax credits for your dependent children who did not live with you and to claim tax credits for other persons who qualify as dependents. **These dependents do not qualify to be counted to determine the family size.**

Children of Divorced or Separated Parents—Attach a copy of federal Form 8332 filed with your federal return. Children may only be counted for family size by the custodial parent.

Tax Credits for Individuals Supported by More Than One Taxpayer—Attach a copy of federal Form 2120 filed with your federal return.

Kentucky National Guard Members—Persons who were members of the Kentucky National Guard on December 31, 2008, may claim an additional credit on Line 2. Designate this credit with the initials "N.G." Kentucky law specifically restricts this credit to Kentucky National Guard members; military reserve members are not eligible.

SECTION C—FAMILY SIZE TAX CREDIT

Children may only be counted for family size by the custodial parent. Even if you have signed federal Form 8332 and may not claim the child as a dependent, you may count children who otherwise meet the requirements for the Family Size Tax Credit.

You must include in Section C the names and Social Security numbers of the qualifying children that are not claimed as dependents in Section B in order to count them in your total family size.

SIGN RETURN—Be sure to sign on page 3 after completion of pages 1, 2, 3 and 4 of your return. Each return must be signed by the taxpayer. Joint and combined returns must be signed by both husband and wife. Returns that are not signed may be returned to you for signature.

Please enter a telephone number where you can be reached during regular working hours. You may be contacted for additional information needed to complete processing of your tax return.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SCHEDULE A

FORM 740-NP

You may itemize your deductions for Kentucky even if you do not itemize for federal purposes. Amounts entered on Schedule A should be total deductions for the taxable period. These amounts are prorated on Form 740-NP, page 1. If you do not itemize, a standard deduction of \$2,100 is allowed and does not have to be prorated.

Special Rules for Married Couples—If one spouse itemizes deductions, the other must itemize. Married couples filing a joint federal return and who wish to file separate returns for Kentucky may: (a) file separate Schedules A showing the specific deductions claimed by each; (b) file a joint Schedule A, divide the total deductions between them based on the percentage of each spouse's income to total income, and attach a copy to each return; or (c) each spouse may claim the standard deduction of \$2,100.

Limitations on Itemized Deductions for High-Income Taxpayers—If your adjusted gross income on Form 740-NP, Line 8, exceeds \$159,950 (\$79,975 if married filing separate returns), your itemized deductions are limited. See the Itemized Deductions Limitation Schedule for Schedule A (Form 740-NP).

MEDICAL AND DENTAL EXPENSES

Federal rules apply. You may deduct only your medical and dental expenses that exceed 7.5 percent of Form 740-NP, Line 8. Do not include any expenses deducted on Form 740-NP, page 4, Section D, Column B, Line 31 or Line 32. Married taxpayers filing separate Forms 740-NP who choose to file one Schedule A and prorate the total must combine the Line 8 amounts from both returns.

TAXES

You may not deduct sales tax, state or federal income taxes paid or withheld, otherwise federal rules apply.

INTEREST

You may deduct interest that you have paid during the taxable year on a home mortgage. You may not deduct interest paid on credit or charge card accounts, a life insurance loan, an automobile or other consumer loan, delinquent taxes or on a personal note held by a bank or individual.

Interest paid on business debts should be deducted as a business expense on the appropriate business income schedule.

You may not deduct interest on an indebtedness of another person when you are not legally liable for payment of the interest. Nor may you deduct interest paid on a gambling debt or any other nonenforceable obligation. Interest paid on money borrowed to buy tax-exempt securities or single premium life insurance is not deductible.

Line 10—List the interest and points (including "seller-paid points") paid on your home mortgage to financial institutions and reported to you on federal Form 1098.

Line 11—List other interest paid on your home mortgage and not reported to you on federal Form 1098. Show name and address.

Line 12—List points (including "seller-paid points") not reported to you on federal Form 1098. Points (including loan origination fees) charged only for the use of money and paid with funds other than those obtained from the lender are deductible over the life of the mortgage. However, points may be deducted in the year paid if all three of the following apply: (1) the loan was used to **buy, build or improve your main home**, and was secured by that home, (2) the points did not exceed the points usually charged in the area where the loan was made, and were figured as a percentage of the loan amount, and (3) if the loan was used to **buy or build** the home, you must have provided funds (see below) at least equal to the points charged. If the loan was used to **improve** the home, you must have paid the points with funds other than those obtained from the lender.

Funds provided by you include down payments, escrow deposits, earnest money applied at closing, and other amounts actually paid at closing. They do not include amounts you borrowed as part of the overall transaction.

Seller-Paid Points—If you are the buyer, you may be able to deduct points the seller paid in 2008. You can do this if the loan was used to buy your main home and the points meet item 2 above. You must reduce your basis in the home by those points, even if you do not deduct them.

The seller cannot deduct these points as interest. However, they are a selling expense that reduces the amount realized by the seller. See federal Publication 523 for information on selling your home.

This generally does not apply to points paid to refinance your mortgage. Federal rules apply. See federal Publication 936 for more information.

Line 13, Qualified Mortgage Insurance Premiums—Premiums that you pay or accrue for "qualified mortgage insurance" during 2008 in connection with home acquisition debt on your qualified home are deductible as home mortgage insurance premiums. Qualified mortgage insurance is mortgage insurance provided by the Veterans Administration, the Federal Housing

Administration, or the Rural Housing Administration, and private mortgage insurance. Mortgage insurance premiums you paid or accrued on any mortgage insurance contract issued before January 1, 2007, are not deductible.

Limit on amount you can deduct. You cannot deduct your

mortgage insurance premiums if the amount on Form 740-NP, line 8, is more than \$109,000 (\$54,500 if married filing separate returns). If the amount on Form 740-NP, line 8, is more than \$100,000 (\$50,000 if married filing separate returns), your deduction is limited and you must use the worksheet below to figure your deduction.

Qualified Mortgage Insurance Premiums Deduction Worksheet

See the instructions for Line 13 above to see if you must use this worksheet to figure your deduction.

<p>1. Enter the total premiums you paid in 2008 for qualified mortgage insurance for a contract entered into on or after January 1, 2007</p> <p>2. Enter the amount from Form 740-NP, page 1, Line 8.....</p> <p>3. Enter \$100,000 (\$50,000 if married filing separate returns).....</p> <p>4. Is the amount on Line 2 more than the amount on Line 3? <input type="checkbox"/> No. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from Line 1 above on Schedule A, Line 13. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. Subtract Line 3 from Line 2. If the result is not a multiple of \$1,000 (\$500 if married filing separate returns), increase it to the next multiple of \$1,000 (\$500 if married filing separate returns). For example, increase \$425 to \$1,000, increase \$2,025 to \$3,000; or if married filing separate returns, increase \$425 to \$500, increase \$2,025 to \$2,500, etc.</p> <p>5. Divide Line 4 by \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separate returns). Enter the result as a decimal. If the result is 1.0 or more, enter 1.0.....</p> <p>6. Multiply Line 1 by Line 5.....</p> <p>7. Qualified mortgage insurance premiums deduction. Subtract Line 6 from Line 1. Enter the result here and on Schedule A, Line 13.....</p>	<p>1. _____</p> <p>2. _____</p> <p>3. _____</p> <p>4. _____</p> <p>5. _____</p> <p>6. _____</p> <p>7. _____</p>
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Line 14, Interest on Investment Property—Investment interest is interest paid on money you borrowed that is allocable to property held for investment. It does not include any interest allocable to a passive activity.

Attach federal Form 4952, Investment Interest Expense Deduction.

Exception. You do not have to file federal Form 4952 if all three of the following apply:

- (a) your investment interest is not more than your investment income from interest and ordinary dividends,
- (b) you have no other deductible investment expenses, and
- (c) you have no disallowed investment interest expense from 2007.

For more details, see federal Publication 550, Investment Income and Expenses.

CONTRIBUTIONS

You may deduct what you actually gave to organizations that are religious, charitable, educational, scientific or literary in purpose. You may also deduct what you gave to organizations that work to prevent cruelty to children or animals. In general, contributions deductible for federal income tax purposes are also deductible for Kentucky.

You are required to maintain receipts, cancelled checks or other reliable written documentation showing the name of the organization and the date and amount given to support claimed deductions for charitable contributions.

Separate contributions of \$250 or more require written substantiation from the donee organization in addition to your proof of payment. It is your responsibility to secure substantiation.

A letter or other documentation from the qualifying charitable organization that acknowledges receipt of the contribution and shows the date and amount constitutes a receipt. This substantiation should be kept in your files. Do not send it with your return.

In addition, enter on Line 17 the value of a leasehold interest property contributed to a charitable organization to provide temporary housing for the homeless. Attach Schedule HH.

CASUALTY AND THEFT LOSSES

Use Line 20 to report casualty or theft losses of property that is not trade, business, rent or royalty property. Attach federal Form 4684, Casualties and Thefts, or a similar statement to figure your loss. Enter on Line 20 the amount of loss from federal Form 4684.

Losses You MAY Deduct

You may be able to deduct all or part of each loss caused by theft, vandalism, fire, storm, and car, boat and other accidents or similar causes. You may also be able to deduct money you had in a financial institution but lost because of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the institution.

You may deduct nonbusiness casualty or theft losses only to the extent that:

- (a) the amount of **each** separate casualty or theft loss is more than \$100, and
- (b) the total amount of **all** losses during the year is more than 10 percent of Form 740-NP, page 1, Line 8.

Note: Married taxpayers filing separate Forms 740-NP who choose to file one Schedule A and prorate the total must combine the Line 8 amounts from both returns.

Special rules apply if you had both gains and losses from nonbusiness casualties or thefts. See federal Form 4684 for details.

Losses You MAY NOT Deduct

Money or property misplaced or lost.

Breakage of china, glassware, furniture and similar items under normal conditions.

Progressive damage to property (buildings, clothes, trees, etc.) caused by termites, moths, other insects or disease.

Deduct the costs of proving you had a property loss as a miscellaneous deduction on Line 25. (Examples of these costs are appraisal fees and photographs used to establish the amount of your loss.)

For more details, see federal Publication 547, Nonbusiness Disasters, Casualties, and Thefts. It also gives information about federal disaster area losses.

LINES 24 THROUGH 30—MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS

Most miscellaneous deductions cannot be deducted in full. You must subtract 2 percent of your adjusted gross income from the total. Compute the 2 percent limit on Line 29.

Note: Married taxpayers filing separate Forms 740-NP who choose to file one Schedule A and prorate the total must combine the Line 8 amounts from both returns.

Generally, the 2 percent limit applies to job expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed (Line 24). The limit also applies to certain expenses you paid to produce or collect taxable income (Line 26). See the instructions for Lines 24, 25 and 26 for examples of expenses to claim on these lines.

The 2 percent limit does not apply to certain other miscellaneous expenses that you may deduct. These expenses can be deducted in full on Line 31. The Line 31 instructions describe these expenses. Included are deductible gambling losses (to the extent of winnings) and certain job expenses of disabled employees. See federal Publication 529, Miscellaneous Deductions, for more information.

Expenses Subject to the 2 Percent Limit

Important: The increase in first-year luxury automobile depreciation caps, the 30 percent and the 50 percent special depreciation allowance, the additional New York Liberty Zone Section 179 deduction for property placed in service after September 10, 2001, and the increased Section 179 deduction limits and thresholds for property placed in service after December 31, 2002, are not allowable for Kentucky tax purposes. For passenger automobiles purchased after September 10, 2001, you must compute Kentucky depreciation in accordance with the IRC in effect on December 31, 2001.

Create a Kentucky Form 2106 by entering **Kentucky** at the top center of a federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses. Complete Section D—Depreciation of Vehicles in accordance with the IRC in effect on December 31, 2001. **Attach a copy of the federal Form 2106 filed for federal income tax purposes if no adjustments are required.**

Line 24—Use this line to report job-related expenses you paid for which you were not reimbursed. In some cases you

MUST first fill out Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, or Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses. Fill out Form 2106-EZ if you claim any unreimbursed travel, transportation, meal or entertainment expenses for your job. Fill out Form 2106 if your employer paid you for any of your job-related expenses reportable on Line 24.

Enter the amount of unreimbursed employee business expenses from Form 2106 or 2106-EZ on Line 24 of Schedule A.

If you do not have to fill out Form 2106 or 2106-EZ, list the type and amount of your expenses in the space provided. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of the expense. Enter one total on Line 24.

Line 25—Use this line to report tax return preparation fees paid during the taxable year including fees paid for filing your return electronically.

Line 26—Use this line for amounts you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. List the type and amount of each expense in the space provided. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on Line 26.

LINE 31—OTHER MISCELLANEOUS DEDUCTIONS

Use this line to report miscellaneous deductions that are NOT subject to the 2 percent adjusted gross income limit. Only the expenses listed below can be deducted on Line 31.

Expenses NOT Subject to the 2 Percent Limit

Gambling losses to the extent of gambling winnings. Gambling winnings must be included on Form 740-NP, Section D, Line 15. (**Note:** Gambling losses must be verified by supplemental records. These include a diary and unredeemed tickets, payment slips and winning statements.)

Federal estate tax on income in respect of a decedent.

Amortizable bond premium on bonds acquired before October 23, 1986.

Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if more than \$3,000. See federal Publication 525.

Unrecovered investment in a pension.

Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.

Casualty and theft losses of income-producing property.

List the type and amount of each expense. Enter one total on Line 31. For more information on these expenses, see federal Publication 529.

LINE 32—TOTAL ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

If the amount on Form 740-NP, page 1, Line 8, exceeds \$159,950 (\$79,975 if married filing separate returns), skip Lines 33 through 36 and complete the limitation schedule.

Dividing Deductions Between Spouses—Married taxpayers combining itemized deductions must divide the itemized deductions if filing separate Kentucky returns or if one spouse is not filing a Kentucky return. Complete Lines 33 through 36, Schedule A.

TAX TABLE—2008 KENTUCKY INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX

Read down the taxable income columns below until you find the bracket for the Taxable Income entered on Form 740-EZ, Line 3; Form 740, Line 11; or Form 740-NP, Line 13. Enter the tax on Form 740-EZ, Line 4; Form 740, Line 12, Column A and/or B; or Form 740-NP, Line 14.

If Taxable Income But Not			If Taxable Income But Not			If Taxable Income But Not			If Taxable Income But Not		
Is Over	Over	Tax	Is Over	Over	Tax	Is Over	Over	Tax	Is Over	Over	Tax
\$ 0	\$ 100	\$ 1	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,600	\$208	\$13,000	\$13,100	\$573	\$19,500	\$19,600	\$ 950
100	200	3	6,600	6,700	213	13,100	13,200	579	19,600	19,700	956
200	300	5	6,700	6,800	218	13,200	13,300	585	19,700	19,800	962
300	400	7	6,800	6,900	223	13,300	13,400	590	19,800	19,900	967
400	500	9	6,900	7,000	228	13,400	13,500	596	19,900	20,000	973
500	600	11	7,000	7,100	233	13,500	13,600	602	20,000	20,100	979
600	700	13	7,100	7,200	238	13,600	13,700	608	20,100	20,200	985
700	800	15	7,200	7,300	243	13,700	13,800	614	20,200	20,300	991
800	900	17	7,300	7,400	248	13,800	13,900	619	20,300	20,400	996
900	1,000	19	7,400	7,500	253	13,900	14,000	625	20,400	20,500	1,002
1,000	1,100	21	7,500	7,600	258	14,000	14,100	631	20,500	20,600	1,008
1,100	1,200	23	7,600	7,700	263	14,100	14,200	637	20,600	20,700	1,014
1,200	1,300	25	7,700	7,800	268	14,200	14,300	643	20,700	20,800	1,020
1,300	1,400	27	7,800	7,900	273	14,300	14,400	648	20,800	20,900	1,025
1,400	1,500	29	7,900	8,000	278	14,400	14,500	654	20,900	21,000	1,031
1,500	1,600	31	8,000	8,100	283	14,500	14,600	660	21,000	21,100	1,037
1,600	1,700	33	8,100	8,200	289	14,600	14,700	666	21,100	21,200	1,043
1,700	1,800	35	8,200	8,300	295	14,700	14,800	672	21,200	21,300	1,049
1,800	1,900	37	8,300	8,400	300	14,800	14,900	677	21,300	21,400	1,054
1,900	2,000	39	8,400	8,500	306	14,900	15,000	683	21,400	21,500	1,060
2,000	2,100	41	8,500	8,600	312	15,000	15,100	689	21,500	21,600	1,066
2,100	2,200	43	8,600	8,700	318	15,100	15,200	695	21,600	21,700	1,072
2,200	2,300	45	8,700	8,800	324	15,200	15,300	701	21,700	21,800	1,078
2,300	2,400	47	8,800	8,900	329	15,300	15,400	706	21,800	21,900	1,083
2,400	2,500	49	8,900	9,000	335	15,400	15,500	712	21,900	22,000	1,089
2,500	2,600	51	9,000	9,100	341	15,500	15,600	718	22,000	22,100	1,095
2,600	2,700	53	9,100	9,200	347	15,600	15,700	724	22,100	22,200	1,101
2,700	2,800	55	9,200	9,300	353	15,700	15,800	730	22,200	22,300	1,107
2,800	2,900	57	9,300	9,400	358	15,800	15,900	735	22,300	22,400	1,112
2,900	3,000	59	9,400	9,500	364	15,900	16,000	741	22,400	22,500	1,118
3,000	3,100	62	9,500	9,600	370	16,000	16,100	747	22,500	22,600	1,124
3,100	3,200	65	9,600	9,700	376	16,100	16,200	753	22,600	22,700	1,130
3,200	3,300	68	9,700	9,800	382	16,200	16,300	759	22,700	22,800	1,136
3,300	3,400	71	9,800	9,900	387	16,300	16,400	764	22,800	22,900	1,141
3,400	3,500	74	9,900	10,000	393	16,400	16,500	770	22,900	23,000	1,147
3,500	3,600	77	10,000	10,100	399	16,500	16,600	776	23,000	23,100	1,153
3,600	3,700	80	10,100	10,200	405	16,600	16,700	782	23,100	23,200	1,159
3,700	3,800	83	10,200	10,300	411	16,700	16,800	788	23,200	23,300	1,165
3,800	3,900	86	10,300	10,400	416	16,800	16,900	793	23,300	23,400	1,170
3,900	4,000	89	10,400	10,500	422	16,900	17,000	799	23,400	23,500	1,176
4,000	4,100	92	10,500	10,600	428	17,000	17,100	805	23,500	23,600	1,182
4,100	4,200	96	10,600	10,700	434	17,100	17,200	811	23,600	23,700	1,188
4,200	4,300	100	10,700	10,800	440	17,200	17,300	817	23,700	23,800	1,194
4,300	4,400	104	10,800	10,900	445	17,300	17,400	822	23,800	23,900	1,199
4,400	4,500	108	10,900	11,000	451	17,400	17,500	828	23,900	24,000	1,205
4,500	4,600	112	11,000	11,100	457	17,500	17,600	834	24,000	24,100	1,211
4,600	4,700	116	11,100	11,200	463	17,600	17,700	840	24,100	24,200	1,217
4,700	4,800	120	11,200	11,300	469	17,700	17,800	846	24,200	24,300	1,223
4,800	4,900	124	11,300	11,400	474	17,800	17,900	851	24,300	24,400	1,228
4,900	5,000	128	11,400	11,500	480	17,900	18,000	857	24,400	24,500	1,234
5,000	5,100	133	11,500	11,600	486	18,000	18,100	863	24,500	24,600	1,240
5,100	5,200	138	11,600	11,700	492	18,100	18,200	869	24,600	24,700	1,246
5,200	5,300	143	11,700	11,800	498	18,200	18,300	875	24,700	24,800	1,252
5,300	5,400	148	11,800	11,900	503	18,300	18,400	880	24,800	24,900	1,257
5,400	5,500	153	11,900	12,000	509	18,400	18,500	886	24,900	25,000	1,263
5,500	5,600	158	12,000	12,100	515	18,500	18,600	892	25,000	25,100	1,269
5,600	5,700	163	12,100	12,200	521	18,600	18,700	898	25,100	25,200	1,275
5,700	5,800	168	12,200	12,300	527	18,700	18,800	904	25,200	25,300	1,281
5,800	5,900	173	12,300	12,400	532	18,800	18,900	909	25,300	25,400	1,286
5,900	6,000	178	12,400	12,500	538	18,900	19,000	915	25,400	25,500	1,292
6,000	6,100	183	12,500	12,600	544	19,000	19,100	921	25,500	25,600	1,298
6,100	6,200	188	12,600	12,700	550	19,100	19,200	927	25,600	25,700	1,304
6,200	6,300	193	12,700	12,800	556	19,200	19,300	933	25,700	25,800	1,310
6,300	6,400	198	12,800	12,900	561	19,300	19,400	938	25,800	25,900	1,315
6,400	6,500	203	12,900	13,000	567	19,400	19,500	944	25,900	26,000	1,321

TAX TABLE—2008 KENTUCKY INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX

Read down the taxable income columns below until you find the bracket for the Taxable Income entered on Form 740-EZ, Line 3; Form 740, Line 11; or Form 740-NP, Line 13. Enter the tax on Form 740-EZ, Line 4; Form 740, Line 12, Column A and/or B; or Form 740-NP, Line 14.

If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax			If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax			If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax			If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax		
\$26,000	\$26,100	\$1,327	\$32,500	\$32,600	\$1,704	\$39,000	\$39,100	\$2,081	\$45,500	\$45,600	\$2,458
26,100	26,200	1,333	32,600	32,700	1,710	39,100	39,200	2,087	45,600	45,700	2,464
26,200	26,300	1,339	32,700	32,800	1,716	39,200	39,300	2,093	45,700	45,800	2,470
26,300	26,400	1,344	32,800	32,900	1,721	39,300	39,400	2,098	45,800	45,900	2,475
26,400	26,500	1,350	32,900	33,000	1,727	39,400	39,500	2,104	45,900	46,000	2,481
26,500	26,600	1,356	33,000	33,100	1,733	39,500	39,600	2,110	46,000	46,100	2,487
26,600	26,700	1,362	33,100	33,200	1,739	39,600	39,700	2,116	46,100	46,200	2,493
26,700	26,800	1,368	33,200	33,300	1,745	39,700	39,800	2,122	46,200	46,300	2,499
26,800	26,900	1,373	33,300	33,400	1,750	39,800	39,900	2,127	46,300	46,400	2,504
26,900	27,000	1,379	33,400	33,500	1,756	39,900	40,000	2,133	46,400	46,500	2,510
27,000	27,100	1,385	33,500	33,600	1,762	40,000	40,100	2,139	46,500	46,600	2,516
27,100	27,200	1,391	33,600	33,700	1,768	40,100	40,200	2,145	46,600	46,700	2,522
27,200	27,300	1,397	33,700	33,800	1,774	40,200	40,300	2,151	46,700	46,800	2,528
27,300	27,400	1,402	33,800	33,900	1,779	40,300	40,400	2,156	46,800	46,900	2,533
27,400	27,500	1,408	33,900	34,000	1,785	40,400	40,500	2,162	46,900	47,000	2,539
27,500	27,600	1,414	34,000	34,100	1,791	40,500	40,600	2,168	47,000	47,100	2,545
27,600	27,700	1,420	34,100	34,200	1,797	40,600	40,700	2,174	47,100	47,200	2,551
27,700	27,800	1,426	34,200	34,300	1,803	40,700	40,800	2,180	47,200	47,300	2,557
27,800	27,900	1,431	34,300	34,400	1,808	40,800	40,900	2,185	47,300	47,400	2,562
27,900	28,000	1,437	34,400	34,500	1,814	40,900	41,000	2,191	47,400	47,500	2,568
28,000	28,100	1,443	34,500	34,600	1,820	41,000	41,100	2,197	47,500	47,600	2,574
28,100	28,200	1,449	34,600	34,700	1,826	41,100	41,200	2,203	47,600	47,700	2,580
28,200	28,300	1,455	34,700	34,800	1,832	41,200	41,300	2,209	47,700	47,800	2,586
28,300	28,400	1,460	34,800	34,900	1,837	41,300	41,400	2,214	47,800	47,900	2,591
28,400	28,500	1,466	34,900	35,000	1,843	41,400	41,500	2,220	47,900	48,000	2,597
28,500	28,600	1,472	35,000	35,100	1,849	41,500	41,600	2,226	48,000	48,100	2,603
28,600	28,700	1,478	35,100	35,200	1,855	41,600	41,700	2,232	48,100	48,200	2,609
28,700	28,800	1,484	35,200	35,300	1,861	41,700	41,800	2,238	48,200	48,300	2,615
28,800	28,900	1,489	35,300	35,400	1,866	41,800	41,900	2,243	48,300	48,400	2,620
28,900	29,000	1,495	35,400	35,500	1,872	41,900	42,000	2,249	48,400	48,500	2,626
29,000	29,100	1,501	35,500	35,600	1,878	42,000	42,100	2,255	48,500	48,600	2,632
29,100	29,200	1,507	35,600	35,700	1,884	42,100	42,200	2,261	48,600	48,700	2,638
29,200	29,300	1,513	35,700	35,800	1,890	42,200	42,300	2,267	48,700	48,800	2,644
29,300	29,400	1,518	35,800	35,900	1,895	42,300	42,400	2,272	48,800	48,900	2,649
29,400	29,500	1,524	35,900	36,000	1,901	42,400	42,500	2,278	48,900	49,000	2,655
29,500	29,600	1,530	36,000	36,100	1,907	42,500	42,600	2,284	49,000	49,100	2,661
29,600	29,700	1,536	36,100	36,200	1,913	42,600	42,700	2,290	49,100	49,200	2,667
29,700	29,800	1,542	36,200	36,300	1,919	42,700	42,800	2,296	49,200	49,300	2,673
29,800	29,900	1,547	36,300	36,400	1,924	42,800	42,900	2,301	49,300	49,400	2,678
29,900	30,000	1,553	36,400	36,500	1,930	42,900	43,000	2,307	49,400	49,500	2,684
30,000	30,100	1,559	36,500	36,600	1,936	43,000	43,100	2,313	49,500	49,600	2,690
30,100	30,200	1,565	36,600	36,700	1,942	43,100	43,200	2,319	49,600	49,700	2,696
30,200	30,300	1,571	36,700	36,800	1,948	43,200	43,300	2,325	49,700	49,800	2,702
30,300	30,400	1,576	36,800	36,900	1,953	43,300	43,400	2,330	49,800	49,900	2,707
30,400	30,500	1,582	36,900	37,000	1,959	43,400	43,500	2,336	49,900	50,000	2,713
30,500	30,600	1,588	37,000	37,100	1,965	43,500	43,600	2,342	50,000	50,100	2,719
30,600	30,700	1,594	37,100	37,200	1,971	43,600	43,700	2,348	50,100	50,200	2,725
30,700	30,800	1,600	37,200	37,300	1,977	43,700	43,800	2,354	50,200	50,300	2,731
30,800	30,900	1,605	37,300	37,400	1,982	43,800	43,900	2,359	50,300	50,400	2,736
30,900	31,000	1,611	37,400	37,500	1,988	43,900	44,000	2,365	50,400	50,500	2,742
31,000	31,100	1,617	37,500	37,600	1,994	44,000	44,100	2,371	50,500	50,600	2,748
31,100	31,200	1,623	37,600	37,700	2,000	44,100	44,200	2,377	50,600	50,700	2,754
31,200	31,300	1,629	37,700	37,800	2,006	44,200	44,300	2,383	50,700	50,800	2,760
31,300	31,400	1,634	37,800	37,900	2,011	44,300	44,400	2,388	50,800	50,900	2,765
31,400	31,500	1,640	37,900	38,000	2,017	44,400	44,500	2,394	50,900	51,000	2,771
31,500	31,600	1,646	38,000	38,100	2,023	44,500	44,600	2,400	51,000	51,100	2,777
31,600	31,700	1,652	38,100	38,200	2,029	44,600	44,700	2,406	51,100	51,200	2,783
31,700	31,800	1,658	38,200	38,300	2,035	44,700	44,800	2,412	51,200	51,300	2,789
31,800	31,900	1,663	38,300	38,400	2,040	44,800	44,900	2,417	51,300	51,400	2,794
31,900	32,000	1,669	38,400	38,500	2,046	44,900	45,000	2,423	51,400	51,500	2,800
32,000	32,100	1,675	38,500	38,600	2,052	45,000	45,100	2,429	51,500	51,600	2,806
32,100	32,200	1,681	38,600	38,700	2,058	45,100	45,200	2,435	51,600	51,700	2,812
32,200	32,300	1,687	38,700	38,800	2,064	45,200	45,300	2,441	51,700	51,800	2,818
32,300	32,400	1,692	38,800	38,900	2,069	45,300	45,400	2,446	51,800	51,900	2,823
32,400	32,500	1,698	38,900	39,000	2,075	45,400	45,500	2,452	51,900	52,000	2,829

TAX TABLE—2008 KENTUCKY INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX

Read down the taxable income columns below until you find the bracket for the Taxable Income entered on Form 740-EZ, Line 3; Form 740, Line 11; or Form 740-NP, Line 13. Enter the tax on Form 740-EZ, Line 4; Form 740, Line 12, Column A and/or B; or Form 740-NP, Line 14.

If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax			If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax			If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax			If Taxable Income But Not Is Over Over Tax		
\$52,000	\$52,100	\$2,835	\$58,500	\$58,600	\$3,212	\$65,000	\$65,100	\$3,589	\$71,500	\$71,600	\$3,966
52,100	52,200	2,841	58,600	58,700	3,218	65,100	65,200	3,595	71,600	71,700	3,972
52,200	52,300	2,847	58,700	58,800	3,224	65,200	65,300	3,601	71,700	71,800	3,978
52,300	52,400	2,852	58,800	58,900	3,229	65,300	65,400	3,606	71,800	71,900	3,983
52,400	52,500	2,858	58,900	59,000	3,235	65,400	65,500	3,612	71,900	72,000	3,989
52,500	52,600	2,864	59,000	59,100	3,241	65,500	65,600	3,618	72,000	72,100	3,995
52,600	52,700	2,870	59,100	59,200	3,247	65,600	65,700	3,624	72,100	72,200	4,001
52,700	52,800	2,876	59,200	59,300	3,253	65,700	65,800	3,630	72,200	72,300	4,007
52,800	52,900	2,881	59,300	59,400	3,258	65,800	65,900	3,635	72,300	72,400	4,012
52,900	53,000	2,887	59,400	59,500	3,264	65,900	66,000	3,641	72,400	72,500	4,018
53,000	53,100	2,893	59,500	59,600	3,270	66,000	66,100	3,647	72,500	72,600	4,024
53,100	53,200	2,899	59,600	59,700	3,276	66,100	66,200	3,653	72,600	72,700	4,030
53,200	53,300	2,905	59,700	59,800	3,282	66,200	66,300	3,659	72,700	72,800	4,036
53,300	53,400	2,910	59,800	59,900	3,287	66,300	66,400	3,664	72,800	72,900	4,041
53,400	53,500	2,916	59,900	60,000	3,293	66,400	66,500	3,670	72,900	73,000	4,047
53,500	53,600	2,922	60,000	60,100	3,299	66,500	66,600	3,676	73,000	73,100	4,053
53,600	53,700	2,928	60,100	60,200	3,305	66,600	66,700	3,682	73,100	73,200	4,059
53,700	53,800	2,934	60,200	60,300	3,311	66,700	66,800	3,688	73,200	73,300	4,065
53,800	53,900	2,939	60,300	60,400	3,316	66,800	66,900	3,693	73,300	73,400	4,070
53,900	54,000	2,945	60,400	60,500	3,322	66,900	67,000	3,699	73,400	73,500	4,076
54,000	54,100	2,951	60,500	60,600	3,328	67,000	67,100	3,705	73,500	73,600	4,082
54,100	54,200	2,957	60,600	60,700	3,334	67,100	67,200	3,711	73,600	73,700	4,088
54,200	54,300	2,963	60,700	60,800	3,340	67,200	67,300	3,717	73,700	73,800	4,094
54,300	54,400	2,968	60,800	60,900	3,345	67,300	67,400	3,722	73,800	73,900	4,099
54,400	54,500	2,974	60,900	61,000	3,351	67,400	67,500	3,728	73,900	74,000	4,105
54,500	54,600	2,980	61,000	61,100	3,357	67,500	67,600	3,734	74,000	74,100	4,111
54,600	54,700	2,986	61,100	61,200	3,363	67,600	67,700	3,740	74,100	74,200	4,117
54,700	54,800	2,992	61,200	61,300	3,369	67,700	67,800	3,746	74,200	74,300	4,123
54,800	54,900	2,997	61,300	61,400	3,374	67,800	67,900	3,751	74,300	74,400	4,128
54,900	55,000	3,003	61,400	61,500	3,380	67,900	68,000	3,757	74,400	74,500	4,134
55,000	55,100	3,009	61,500	61,600	3,386	68,000	68,100	3,763	74,500	74,600	4,140
55,100	55,200	3,015	61,600	61,700	3,392	68,100	68,200	3,769	74,600	74,700	4,146
55,200	55,300	3,021	61,700	61,800	3,398	68,200	68,300	3,775	74,700	74,800	4,152
55,300	55,400	3,026	61,800	61,900	3,403	68,300	68,400	3,780	74,800	74,900	4,157
55,400	55,500	3,032	61,900	62,000	3,409	68,400	68,500	3,786	74,900	75,000	4,163
55,500	55,600	3,038	62,000	62,100	3,415	68,500	68,600	3,792	75,000	75,100	4,169
55,600	55,700	3,044	62,100	62,200	3,421	68,600	68,700	3,798	75,100	75,200	4,175
55,700	55,800	3,050	62,200	62,300	3,427	68,700	68,800	3,804	75,200	75,300	4,181
55,800	55,900	3,055	62,300	62,400	3,432	68,800	68,900	3,809	75,300	75,400	4,187
55,900	56,000	3,061	62,400	62,500	3,438	68,900	69,000	3,815	75,400	75,500	4,193
56,000	56,100	3,067	62,500	62,600	3,444	69,000	69,100	3,821	75,500	75,600	4,199
56,100	56,200	3,073	62,600	62,700	3,450	69,100	69,200	3,827	75,600	75,700	4,205
56,200	56,300	3,079	62,700	62,800	3,456	69,200	69,300	3,833	75,700	75,800	4,211
56,300	56,400	3,084	62,800	62,900	3,461	69,300	69,400	3,838	75,800	75,900	4,217
56,400	56,500	3,090	62,900	63,000	3,467	69,400	69,500	3,844	75,900	76,000	4,223
56,500	56,600	3,096	63,000	63,100	3,473	69,500	69,600	3,850	76,000	76,100	4,229
56,600	56,700	3,102	63,100	63,200	3,479	69,600	69,700	3,856	76,100	76,200	4,235
56,700	56,800	3,108	63,200	63,300	3,485	69,700	69,800	3,862	76,200	76,300	4,241
56,800	56,900	3,113	63,300	63,400	3,490	69,800	69,900	3,867	76,300	76,400	4,247
56,900	57,000	3,119	63,400	63,500	3,496	69,900	70,000	3,873	76,400	76,500	4,253
57,000	57,100	3,125	63,500	63,600	3,502	70,000	70,100	3,879	76,500	76,600	4,259
57,100	57,200	3,131	63,600	63,700	3,508	70,100	70,200	3,885	76,600	76,700	4,265
57,200	57,300	3,137	63,700	63,800	3,514	70,200	70,300	3,891	76,700	76,800	4,271
57,300	57,400	3,142	63,800	63,900	3,519	70,300	70,400	3,896	76,800	76,900	4,277
57,400	57,500	3,148	63,900	64,000	3,525	70,400	70,500	3,902	76,900	77,000	4,283
57,500	57,600	3,154	64,000	64,100	3,531	70,500	70,600	3,908	77,000	77,100	4,289
57,600	57,700	3,160	64,100	64,200	3,537	70,600	70,700	3,914	77,100	77,200	4,295
57,700	57,800	3,166	64,200	64,300	3,543	70,700	70,800	3,920	77,200	77,300	4,301
57,800	57,900	3,171	64,300	64,400	3,548	70,800	70,900	3,925	77,300	77,400	4,307
57,900	58,000	3,177	64,400	64,500	3,554	70,900	71,000	3,931	77,400	77,500	4,313
58,000	58,100	3,183	64,500	64,600	3,560	71,000	71,100	3,937	77,500	77,600	4,319
58,100	58,200	3,189	64,600	64,700	3,566	71,100	71,200	3,943	77,600	77,700	4,325
58,200	58,300	3,195	64,700	64,800	3,572	71,200	71,300	3,949	77,700	77,800	4,331
58,300	58,400	3,200	64,800	64,900	3,577	71,300	71,400	3,954	77,800	77,900	4,337
58,400	58,500	3,206	64,900	65,000	3,583	71,400	71,500	3,960	77,900	78,000	4,343

TAX TABLE—2008 KENTUCKY INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX

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If Taxable Income But Not			If Taxable Income But Not			If Taxable Income But Not			If Taxable Income But Not		
Is Over	Over	Tax	Is Over	Over	Tax	Is Over	Over	Tax	Is Over	Over	Tax
\$78,000	\$78,100	\$4,349	\$84,500	\$84,600	\$4,739	\$91,000	\$91,100	\$5,129	\$97,500	\$ 97,600	\$5,519
78,100	78,200	4,355	84,600	84,700	4,745	91,100	91,200	5,135	97,600	97,700	5,525
78,200	78,300	4,361	84,700	84,800	4,751	91,200	91,300	5,141	97,700	97,800	5,531
78,300	78,400	4,367	84,800	84,900	4,757	91,300	91,400	5,147	97,800	97,900	5,537
78,400	78,500	4,373	84,900	85,000	4,763	91,400	91,500	5,153	97,900	98,000	5,543
78,500	78,600	4,379	85,000	85,100	4,769	91,500	91,600	5,159	98,000	98,100	5,549
78,600	78,700	4,385	85,100	85,200	4,775	91,600	91,700	5,165	98,100	98,200	5,555
78,700	78,800	4,391	85,200	85,300	4,781	91,700	91,800	5,171	98,200	98,300	5,561
78,800	78,900	4,397	85,300	85,400	4,787	91,800	91,900	5,177	98,300	98,400	5,567
78,900	79,000	4,403	85,400	85,500	4,793	91,900	92,000	5,183	98,400	98,500	5,573
79,000	79,100	4,409	85,500	85,600	4,799	92,000	92,100	5,189	98,500	98,600	5,579
79,100	79,200	4,415	85,600	85,700	4,805	92,100	92,200	5,195	98,600	98,700	5,585
79,200	79,300	4,421	85,700	85,800	4,811	92,200	92,300	5,201	98,700	98,800	5,591
79,300	79,400	4,427	85,800	85,900	4,817	92,300	92,400	5,207	98,800	98,900	5,597
79,400	79,500	4,433	85,900	86,000	4,823	92,400	92,500	5,213	98,900	99,000	5,603
79,500	79,600	4,439	86,000	86,100	4,829	92,500	92,600	5,219	99,000	99,100	5,609
79,600	79,700	4,445	86,100	86,200	4,835	92,600	92,700	5,225	99,100	99,200	5,615
79,700	79,800	4,451	86,200	86,300	4,841	92,700	92,800	5,231	99,200	99,300	5,621
79,800	79,900	4,457	86,300	86,400	4,847	92,800	92,900	5,237	99,300	99,400	5,627
79,900	80,000	4,463	86,400	86,500	4,853	92,900	93,000	5,243	99,400	99,500	5,633
80,000	80,100	4,469	86,500	86,600	4,859	93,000	93,100	5,249	99,500	99,600	5,639
80,100	80,200	4,475	86,600	86,700	4,865	93,100	93,200	5,255	99,600	99,700	5,645
80,200	80,300	4,481	86,700	86,800	4,871	93,200	93,300	5,261	99,700	99,800	5,651
80,300	80,400	4,487	86,800	86,900	4,877	93,300	93,400	5,267	99,800	99,900	5,657
80,400	80,500	4,493	86,900	87,000	4,883	93,400	93,500	5,273	99,900	100,000	5,663
80,500	80,600	4,499	87,000	87,100	4,889	93,500	93,600	5,279			
80,600	80,700	4,505	87,100	87,200	4,895	93,600	93,700	5,285	Over	100,000	5,666
80,700	80,800	4,511	87,200	87,300	4,901	93,700	93,800	5,291	<i>Plus</i>	<i>6% of all over 100,000</i>	
80,800	80,900	4,517	87,300	87,400	4,907	93,800	93,900	5,297			
80,900	81,000	4,523	87,400	87,500	4,913	93,900	94,000	5,303			
81,000	81,100	4,529	87,500	87,600	4,919	94,000	94,100	5,309			
81,100	81,200	4,535	87,600	87,700	4,925	94,100	94,200	5,315			
81,200	81,300	4,541	87,700	87,800	4,931	94,200	94,300	5,321			
81,300	81,400	4,547	87,800	87,900	4,937	94,300	94,400	5,327			
81,400	81,500	4,553	87,900	88,000	4,943	94,400	94,500	5,333			
81,500	81,600	4,559	88,000	88,100	4,949	94,500	94,600	5,339			
81,600	81,700	4,565	88,100	88,200	4,955	94,600	94,700	5,345			
81,700	81,800	4,571	88,200	88,300	4,961	94,700	94,800	5,351			
81,800	81,900	4,577	88,300	88,400	4,967	94,800	94,900	5,357			
81,900	82,000	4,583	88,400	88,500	4,973	94,900	95,000	5,363			
82,000	82,100	4,589	88,500	88,600	4,979	95,000	95,100	5,369			
82,100	82,200	4,595	88,600	88,700	4,985	95,100	95,200	5,375			
82,200	82,300	4,601	88,700	88,800	4,991	95,200	95,300	5,381			
82,300	82,400	4,607	88,800	88,900	4,997	95,300	95,400	5,387			
82,400	82,500	4,613	88,900	89,000	5,003	95,400	95,500	5,393			
82,500	82,600	4,619	89,000	89,100	5,009	95,500	95,600	5,399			
82,600	82,700	4,625	89,100	89,200	5,015	95,600	95,700	5,405			
82,700	82,800	4,631	89,200	89,300	5,021	95,700	95,800	5,411			
82,800	82,900	4,637	89,300	89,400	5,027	95,800	95,900	5,417			
82,900	83,000	4,643	89,400	89,500	5,033	95,900	96,000	5,423			
83,000	83,100	4,649	89,500	89,600	5,039	96,000	96,100	5,429			
83,100	83,200	4,655	89,600	89,700	5,045	96,100	96,200	5,435			
83,200	83,300	4,661	89,700	89,800	5,051	96,200	96,300	5,441			
83,300	83,400	4,667	89,800	89,900	5,057	96,300	96,400	5,447			
83,400	83,500	4,673	89,900	90,000	5,063	96,400	96,500	5,453			
83,500	83,600	4,679	90,000	90,100	5,069	96,500	96,600	5,459			
83,600	83,700	4,685	90,100	90,200	5,075	96,600	96,700	5,465			
83,700	83,800	4,691	90,200	90,300	5,081	96,700	96,800	5,471			
83,800	83,900	4,697	90,300	90,400	5,087	96,800	96,900	5,477			
83,900	84,000	4,703	90,400	90,500	5,093	96,900	97,000	5,483			
84,000	84,100	4,709	90,500	90,600	5,099	97,000	97,100	5,489			
84,100	84,200	4,715	90,600	90,700	5,105	97,100	97,200	5,495			
84,200	84,300	4,721	90,700	90,800	5,111	97,200	97,300	5,501			
84,300	84,400	4,727	90,800	90,900	5,117	97,300	97,400	5,507			
84,400	84,500	4,733	90,900	91,000	5,123	97,400	97,500	5,513			